MAINE MARITIME ACADEMY CASTINE, MAINE 04420 207-326-4311



TO: All MMA Employees FROM: Jim Soucie FExecutive Director of Administrative Operations

DATE: November 10, 2005

SUBJ: FAMILY EDUCATIONAL RIGHTS AND PRIVACY ACT (FERPA)

Attached is a copy of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), a Federal law that protects the privacy of student educational records. FERPA gives parents (and others) certain rights with respect to their children's educational records. The law also stipulates that these rights transfer to the student when he or she reaches the age of 18 or attends a school beyond the high school level. In addition to specifying who has the right to inspect or review student's educational records and what constitutes consent, the law spells out what may be disclosed and to whom it may be disclosed without prior consent.

While privacy can be difficult to ensure, we must do our utmost to comply with this law. Whether we are advising, counseling, or simply responding to an outside request for information, the penalties for inappropriate disclosure of educational records can be severe. It is very important that all Academy employees dealing with student's educational records understand FERPA and its implications and should read the attachment as soon as possible. More information can be found on the Department of Education website (www.ed.gov/policy). Please let me know if you need additional clarification.



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Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)

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The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. § 1232g; 34 CFR Part 99) is a Federal law that protects the privacy of student education records. The law applies to all schools that receive funds under an applicable program of the U.S. Department of Education.

FERPA gives parents certain rights with respect to their children's education records. These rights transfer to the student when he or she reaches the age of 18 or attends a school beyond the high school level. Students to whom the rights have transferred are "eligible students."

- Parents or eligible students have the right to inspect and review the student's education records maintained by the school. Schools are not required to provide copies of records unless, for reasons such as great distance, it is impossible for parents or eligible students to review the records. Schools may charge a fee for copies.
- Parents or eligible students have the right to request that a school correct records which they believe to be inaccurate or misleading. If the school decides not to amend the record, the parent or eligible student then has the right to a formal hearing. After the hearing, if the school still decides not to amend the record, the parent or eligible student has the right to place a statement with the record setting forth his or her view about the contested information.
- Generally, schools must have written permission from the parent or eligible student in order to release any information from a student's education record. However, FERPA allows schools to disclose those records, without consent, to the following parties or under the following conditions (34 CFR § 99.31):
 - School officials with legitimate educational interest;
 - \odot Other schools to which a student is transferring;
 - Specified officials for audit or evaluation purposes;
 - Appropriate parties in connection with financial aid to a student;
 - Organizations conducting certain studies for or on behalf of the school;
 - Accrediting organizations;
 - To comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena;
 - Appropriate officials in cases of health and safety emergencies; and
 - State and local authorities, within a juvenile justice system, pursuant to specific State law.

Schools may disclose, without consent, "directory" information such as a student's name, address, telephone number, date and place of birth, honors and awards, and dates of attendance. However, schools must tell parents and eligible students about directory information and allow parents and eligible students a reasonable amount of time to request that the school not disclose directory information about them. Schools must notify parents and eligible students annually of their rights under FERPA. The actual means of notification (special letter, inclusion in a PTA bulletin, student handbook, or newspaper article) is left to the discretion of each school.

For additional information or technical assistance, you may call (202) 260-3887 (voice). Individuals who use TDD may call the Federal Information Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

Or you may contact us at the following address:

Family Policy Compliance Office U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20202-5920